2016 Taiwan Selection Test for IWYMIC Preliminary Round (Time Allowed : 2 hours)

Section A: Questions requiring answers only. Each question is worth 5 marks.

1. What is the remainder when 2^{2016} is divided by 13?

2. Class A has 2m boys and 13 girls while class B has 7 boys and 2n girls, where m and n are positive integers. Each student pays the same positive integral number of dollars into a fund, and the total amount of money raised by each class is 2mn+7m+13n+84 dollars. What is the number of dollars paid by each student?

Ans: dollars

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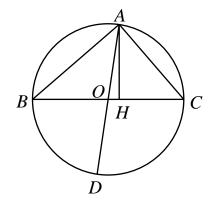
In a deck of 52 cards, each is 6 cm by 4 cm. Some of them are put together, without overlap, to form the largest possible square. Two adjacent cards must share a complete side of equal length. What is the number of cards left unused?

4. How many different positive divisors does the following number have? $100^2 - 99^2 + 98^2 - 97^2 + \dots + 42^2 - 41^2$

Ans : divisors

cards

5. *B* and *C* are points on a circle *O* with diameter *AD*, and on opposite sides of *AD*. *H* is the point on *BC* such that *AH* is perpendicular to *BC*. If AH = 32, $BH = 16\sqrt{5}$, $CH = 2\sqrt{185}$, what is the value of $AD \times AH$?

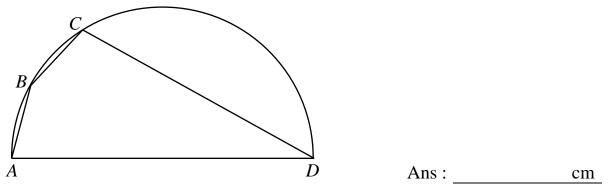


6. The positive integers are arranged in zig-zag fashion starting from the top left corner, as shown in the diagram below. The first four numbers in the diagonal from the top left are 1, 3, 7 and 13. What is the first number on this diagonal which is greater than 50?

1	2	9	10	•••
4	3	8	11	
5	6	7	12	
16	15	14	13	•••
•••			•••	

Ans :

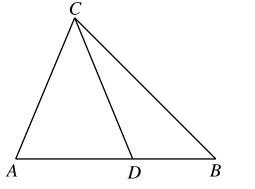
7. *B* and *C* are points on a semicircle with diameter *AD*, and *B* lies on the arc *AC*. If *AD*=4 cm and *AB*=*BC*=1 cm, what is the length of *CD*, in cm?



8. What is the value of the positive number *a* if the difference between the two solutions of the equation $x^2+ax+1=0$ is 2?

Ans :

9. *D* is a point on the side *AB* of triangle *ABC* such that *AD*=6 cm and $\angle ACD = 2\angle DCB = \angle B = 45^{\circ}$. What is the length of *BD*, in cm?

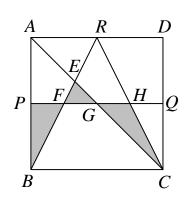


Ans: _____ cm

10. Let a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots , be real numbers such that for every positive integer n, $a_1 + 2a_2 + 3a_3 + \dots + na_n = (n+1)^3$. What is the value of the expression $\frac{1}{a_1 - 1} + \frac{1}{2a_2 - 1} + \dots + \frac{1}{49a_{49} - 1}$?

Ans :

11. P, Q and R are the respective midpoints of the sides AB, CD and DA of a square ABCD. The segment BR intersects AC and PQ at E and F respectively, and the segment PQ intersects AC and RC at G and H respectively. If the total area of triangles BFP, EFG and CGH is m and the area of ABCD is n, what is the value of $\frac{m}{n}$?



Ans :

12. In a row of counters, each is either red or blue, and there is at least one of each color. Two counters with exactly 6 or 9 other counters in between must be of the same color. What is the maximum number of counters in this row?

Ans: counters

Section B: Problems requiring full solutions. Each problem is worth 20 marks.

1. Let *a* and *b* be the legs of a right triangle and *c* the hypotenuse, where $a \neq b$. Let *x* and *y* be real numbers such that $\frac{x}{2a^2} + \frac{y}{c^2} = 1$ and $\frac{x}{c^2} + \frac{y}{2b^2} = 1$, prove that $x + y = 2c^2 \circ$

2. For any positive integer *n*, let f(n) denote the sum of its digits. For example, f(23) = 2 + 3 = 5. How many positive integers *n* are there such that $\frac{n}{f(n)} > 8$?

3. Each of the numbers from 1 to 36 is placed in a different square of a 6 by 6 table. Consecutive numbers must be placed in squares sharing a common side. Prove that the sum of the 6 numbers on one of the diagonals is at most 174, and find a placement for which this maximum value is attained.